



Designation: A453/A453M – 17

Standard Specification for High-Temperature Bolting, with Expansion Coefficients Comparable to Austenitic Stainless Steels¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A453/A453M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification² covers five grades of bolting materials with twelve classes of yield strength ranging from 50 to 120 ksi [345 to 827 MPa] for use in high-temperature service for bolting components, such as bolts, screws, nuts, or studs, for pressure vessel and valve flanges. See Specification [A962/A962M](#) for the definition of bolting. The material requires special processing and is not intended for general purpose applications.

1.2 The following referenced general requirements are indispensable for application of this specification: Specification [A962/A962M](#).

1.3 Supplementary Requirements are provided for use at the option of the purchaser. The Supplementary Requirements shall only apply when specified individually by the purchaser in the purchase order or contract.

1.4 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units; however, unless the purchase order or contract specifies the applicable “M” specification designation (SI units), the inch-pound units shall apply.

1.5 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recom-*

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [A01](#) on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [A01.22](#) on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

Current edition approved May 1, 2017. Published May 2017. Originally approved in 1961. Last previous edition approved in 2016 as A453/A453M – 16. DOI: 10.1520/A0453_A0453M-17.

² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code Applications see related Specification SA-453 in Section II of that Code.

mentations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

[A193/A193M](#) Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting for High Temperature or High Pressure Service and Other Special Purpose Applications

[A962/A962M](#) Specification for Common Requirements for Bolting Intended for Use at Any Temperature from Cryogenic to the Creep Range

[E139](#) Test Methods for Conducting Creep, Creep-Rupture, and Stress-Rupture Tests of Metallic Materials

[E292](#) Test Methods for Conducting Time-for-Rupture Notch Tension Tests of Materials

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *heat-treatment charge*—one heat of material heat treated in one batch. If a continuous operation is used, the weight processed as a heat-treatment charge shall not exceed the weights in [Table 1](#).

3.1.2 *lot*—a lot shall consist of the quantities shown in [Table 2](#).

4. Ordering Information

4.1 The inquiry and order shall indicate the following:

4.1.1 Quantity (weight or number of pieces),

4.1.2 Description of item (bars, bolts, nuts, etc.),

4.1.3 Grade and class (see [Table 3](#)),

4.1.4 Method of finishing (see [6.1](#)),

4.1.5 Type of thread desired (see [6.1.1](#)),

4.1.6 Alternative test method option (see [8.2.4.3](#)),

4.1.7 Bolt shape option, if any,

4.1.8 Thread option, if any,

4.1.9 Test method for surface quality, if any,

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard



TABLE 1 Continuous Heat-Treatment Charge Sizes

Diameter, in. [mm]	Weight, lb [kg]
To 1¼ [44]	3000 [1400]
Over 1¼ [44] to 2½ [63]	6000 [2700]
Over 2½ [63]	12000 [5400]

TABLE 2 Lot Sizes

Diameter, in. [mm]	Maximum Lot Size, lb [kg]
1½ [38] and under	200 [90]
Over 1½ [38] to 1¾ [44], incl	300 [140]
Over 1¾ [44] to 2½ [63], incl	600 [270]
Over 2½ [63]	20 pieces

4.1.10 Test location option, if any,

4.1.11 Rejection option, if any, and

4.1.12 If stress-rupture testing is not required, except for **Grade 660 Class D** and **Grade 668** (see 8.2.1).

5. Common Requirements

5.1 Bolting materials and bolting components supplied to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification **A962/A962M**. These requirements include test methods, finish, thread dimensions, marking, certification, optional supplementary requirements, and others. Failure to comply with the requirements of Specification **A962/A962M** constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification **A962/A962M**, this specification shall prevail.

6. Materials and Manufacture

6.1 Finishing Process:

6.1.1 Threads may be formed by machining or rolling. Threads may be formed after precipitation heat treatment or after solution anneal but prior to precipitation heat treatment. Type designations are as follows:

Type M1—threads formed by machining after precipitation heat treatment.

Type M2—threads formed by machining after solution anneal but prior to precipitation heat treatment.

Type R1—threads formed by rolling after precipitation heat treatment.

Type R2—threads formed by rolling after solution anneal but prior to precipitation heat treatment.

When not specified by the purchaser, the type supplied shall be the option of the manufacturer.

6.2 *Heat Treatment*—Each grade and class shall be heat treated as prescribed in **Table 4**.

7. Chemical Composition

7.1 Each alloy shall conform to the chemical composition requirements prescribed in **Table 3**.

8. Mechanical Properties

8.1 Tension Test:

8.1.1 *Requirements*—Bolting material in each heat-treatment charge shall conform to the room-temperature tensile requirements in **Table 5**.

8.1.2 Number of Specimens:

8.1.2.1 *Heat-Treated Bars*—When not more than two sizes of bars are heat treated in the same load, one tension test shall be made from each size in each heat of material in the heat-treatment charge (see 3.1.1). When more than two sizes of bars are treated in the same charge, one tension test shall be made from one bar of each of the two largest diameters from each heat of material in the heat-treating charge.

8.1.2.2 *Finished Bolting Components*—One tension test shall be made if the lot consists of parts of the same nominal diameter. If the lot consists of components of more than one nominal diameter, one tension test shall be made from each nominal diameter of each heat involved in the lot (see Section 3).

8.2 Stress-Rupture Test:

8.2.1 *Requirements*—Bolting material shall conform to the stress-rupture requirements prescribed in **Table 6** for design temperatures above 800 °F [427 °C]. Bolting material not stress-rupture tested shall be permanently stamped NR.

Grade 660 Class D and **Grade 668** do not require stress-rupture and shall be stamped NR.

8.2.2 The number of specimens shall be the same as the required number of tension test specimens.

8.2.3 The test location and orientation shall be the same as that required for the tension test specimens.

8.2.4 Test Method:

8.2.4.1 The rupture test shall be performed in accordance with Practice **E139**.

NOTE 1—**Fig. 1** is taken from Test Method **E292**. This is to facilitate detection of notch sensitivity. The specimen found in Practice **E139** does not include a notch. The specimen in **Fig. 1** is to be used only to determine if the material is notch sensitive. Actual testing is to Practice **E139**, not Test Method **E292**, so the additional test data required by Test Method **E292** is not to be determined or reported.

8.2.4.2 A combination smooth and notched test specimen, machined to the dimensions prescribed in **Fig. 1** and **Table 7**, shall be tested in accordance with the stress-rupture requirements prescribed in **Table 6**. The test shall be continued to rupture. The rupture shall occur in the smooth section of the bar.

8.2.4.3 As an alternative procedure and, when specifically approved by the purchaser, separate smooth and notched test specimens, machined from adjacent sections of the same piece, with gage sections conforming to the respective dimensions of **Table 7**, may be tested under the above conditions. The notched specimen need not be tested to rupture but shall not rupture in less time than the companion smooth specimen.

8.2.4.4 When the minimum specified time to rupture in **Table 6** has been achieved, incremental loading may be used to accelerate the time to rupture. At intervals of 8 to 16 h, preferably 8 to 10 h, the stress shall be increased in increments of 5000 psi [34.5 MPa]. Rupture location, and elongation requirements shall be as prescribed in **Table 6**, 8.2.4.2, and 8.2.4.3.

8.3 Hardness Test:

8.3.1 *Requirements*—Bolting material shall conform to the room temperature hardness requirements prescribed in **Table 5**.

8.3.2 Number of Tests:

TABLE 3 Chemical Requirements

		Grade 660		Grade 651	
UNS Number		S66286		S63198	
	Content, %	Product Analysis Variation, Over or Under, %		Content, %	Product Analysis Variation, Over or Under, %
Carbon	0.08 max	0.01 over		0.28–0.35	0.02
Manganese	2.00 max	0.04		0.75–1.50	0.04
Phosphorus	0.040 max	0.005 over		0.040 max	0.005 over
Sulfur	0.030 max	0.005 over		0.030 max	0.005 over
Silicon	1.00 max	0.05		0.30–0.80	0.05
Nickel	24.0–27.0	0.20		8.0–11.0	0.15
Chromium	13.5–16.0	0.20		18.0–21.0	0.25
Molybdenum	1.00–1.50	0.05		1.00–1.75	0.05
Tungsten	...	...		1.00–1.75	0.05
Titanium	1.90–2.35	0.05		0.10–0.35	0.05 over
Columbium ^A	...	...		0.25–0.60	0.05
Aluminum	0.35 max	0.05 over		...	...
Vanadium	0.10–0.50	0.03		...	...
Boron	0.001–0.010	0.0004 under to 0.001 over		...	...
Copper	...	...		0.50 max	0.03 over
		Grade 662		Grade 665	
UNS Number		S66220		S66545	
	Content, %	Product Analysis, Variation Over or Under, %		Content, %	Product Analysis Variation, Over or Under, %
Carbon	0.08 max	0.01 over		0.08 max	0.01 over
Manganese	0.40–1.00	0.03		1.25–2.00	0.04
Phosphorus	0.040 max	0.005 over		0.040 max	0.005 over
Sulfur	0.030 max	0.005 over		0.030 max	0.005 over
Silicon	0.40–1.00	0.05		0.10–0.80	0.05
Nickel	24.0–28.0	0.20		24.0–28.0	0.20
Chromium	12.0–15.0	0.15		12.0–15.0	0.15
Molybdenum	2.0–3.5	0.10		1.25–2.25	0.10
Titanium	1.80–2.10	0.05		2.70–3.3	0.05
Aluminum	0.35 max	0.05 over		0.25 max	0.05 over
Copper	0.50 max	0.03 over		0.25 max	0.03 over
Boron	0.001–0.010	0.0004 under to 0.001 over		0.01–0.07	0.005
		Grade 668			
UNS Number		S66285			
	Content, %	Product Analysis, Variation Over or Under, %			
Carbon	0.08 max	0.01 over			
Manganese	2.00 max	0.04			
Phosphorus	0.040 max	0.005 over			
Sulfur	0.030 max	0.005 over			
Silicon	1.00 max	0.05			
Nickel	17.5 – 21.5	0.20			
Chromium	13.5–16.0	0.20			
Molybdenum	1.50 max	0.05			
Tungsten	...	...	
Titanium	2.2–2.8	0.05			
Columbium ^A	...	...	
Aluminum	0.50 max	0.05 over			
Vanadium	0.50 max	0.03			
Boron	0.001–0.010	0.0004 under to 0.001 over			
Copper	...	...	

^A Or columbium plus tantalum.

8.3.2.1 *Bars 2 in. [50 mm] and Over*—One test on each mill-treated length.

8.3.2.2 *Bars under 2 in. [50 mm]*—One test on at least 10 % of the mill treated lengths.

8.3.2.3 *Bolting Components*—See Specification **A962/A962M** for the required number of tests.

8.3.3 *Test Locations*—The hardness test shall be made at the center of the cross section for bars up to 1 in. [25 mm] in diameter, and at the midradius on bars 1 in. [25 mm] and larger in diameter.

TABLE 4 Heat Treatment Requirements^A

Grade Symbol	Class	Solution Treatment		Hardening Treatment	
660	A	1650 ± 25 °F [900 ± 14 °C], hold 2 h, min, and liquid quench		1325 ± 25 °F [720 ± 14 °C], hold 16 h, air cool	
	B	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 1 h, min, and liquid quench		1325 ± 25 °F [720 ± 14 °C], hold 16 h, air cool	
	C	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 1 h min, and oil quench		1425 ± 25 °F [775 ± 14 °C] hold 16 h, air cool, followed by 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C] hold 16 h, air cool	
	D	1650 ± 25 °F [900 ± 14 °C], hold 2 h min, and liquid quench or 1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 1 h min, and liquid quench		1325 ± 25 °F [720 ± 14 °C], hold 16 h, air cool If necessary to achieve properties, second age: 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C] hold 16 h, air cool	
651	A			hot-cold worked at 1200 °F [650 °C] min with 15 % min reduction in cross-sectional area, stress relieve at 1200 °F [650 °C] min or 4 h, min	
	B			hot-cold worked at 1200 °F [650 °C] min with 15 % min reduction of cross-sectional area, stress relieve at 1350 °F [730 °C] min for 4 h, min	
662	A	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 2 h, liquid quench		1350 to 1400 °F [730 to 760 °C], hold 20 h, furnace cool to 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C], hold 20 h, air cool	
	B	1950 ± 25 °F [1065 ± 14 °C], hold 2 h, liquid quench		1350 to 1400 °F [730 to 760 °C], hold 20 h, furnace cool to 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C], hold 20 h, air cool	
665	A	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 3 h, liquid quench		1350 to 1400 °F [730 to 760 °C], hold 20 h, furnace cool to 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C], hold 20 h, air cool	
	B	2000 ± 25 °F [1095 ± 14 °C], hold 3 h, liquid quench		1350 to 1400 °F [730 to 760 °C], hold 20 h, furnace cool to 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C], hold 20 h, air cool	
668	A	1650 ± 25 °F [900 ± 14 °C], hold 2 h, min and liquid quench		1325 ± 25 °F [720 ± 14 °C], hold 16 h, air cool	
	B	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 1 h, min and liquid quench		1325 ± 25 °F [720 ± 14 °C], hold 16 h, air cool	

^A Times refer to the minimum time material is required to be at temperature.

TABLE 5 Mechanical Property Requirements

Grade	Class	Tensile Strength, min		Yield Strength (0.2 % Offset), min		Elongation in 4× Diam, min, %	Reduction of Area, min, %	Brinell Hardness Number	Approximate Rockwell Hardness, B and C	
		ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa				min	max
660	A, B, and C	130	895	85	585	15	18	248–341	24 HRC	37 HRC
	D (≤2½ in. [63.5 mm])	130	895	105	725	15	18	248–321	24 HRC	35 HRC
	D (>2½ in. [63.5 mm])	120	825	95	655	15	18	248–321	24 HRC	35 HRC
651	A	100	690	70 ^A 60 ^B	485 415	18	35	217–277	95 HRB	29 HRC
	B	95	655	60 ^A 50 ^B	415 345	18	35	212–269	93 HRB	28 HRC ^C
662	A	130	895	85	585	15	18	248–321	24 HRC	35 HRC ^C
	B	125	860	80	550	15	18	248–321	24 HRC	35 HRC
665	A	170	1170	120	830	12	15	311–388	32 HRC	41 HRC
	B	155	1070	120	830	12	15	311–388	32 HRC	41 HRC
668	A and B	130	895	85	585	15	18	248–341	24 HRC	37 HRC

^ABolting material sizes 3 in. [76 mm] and under in diameter.

^BBolting material sizes over 3 in. [76 mm] in diameter.

^C Conversion numbers taken from Specification A193/A193M, Table number 2 (austenitic steels); others by interpolation.

TABLE 6 Stress Rupture Requirements

Grade	Class	Test Temperature, °F [°C]	Stress, min		Time to Rupture, min, h ^A	Elongation, min, %
			ksi	MPa		
660	A, B, and C	1200 [650]	56	385	100	5
651	A and B	1200 [650]	40	275	100	5
662	A and B	1200 [650]	55	380	100	5
665	A	1200 [650]	75	515	100	3
	B	1200 [650]	70	485	100	5

^A The combination bar specimen shown in Fig. 1 shall be tested continuously at the temperature and at the minimum stress specified or at a greater stress and shall rupture in a time not less than that specified.

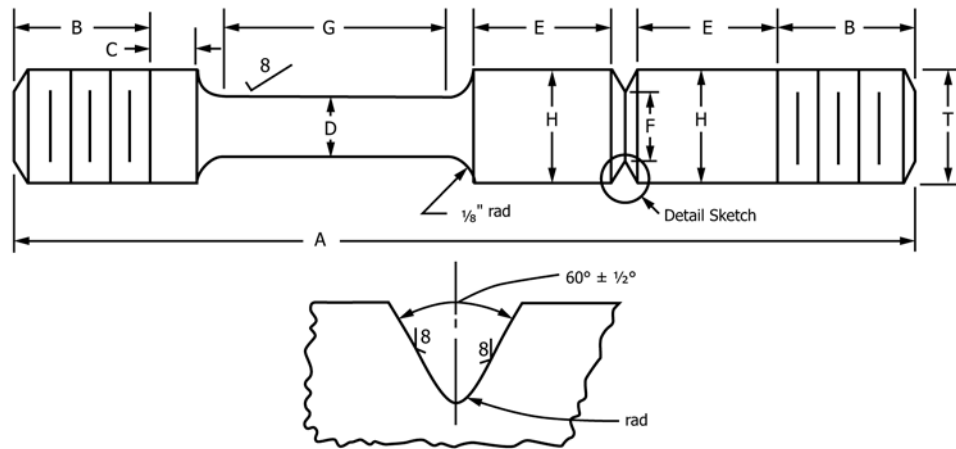


FIG. 1 Combination Smooth-Notch Stress-Rupture Test Specimen
(See Table 6)

9. Product Marking

9.1 *Bolts, Nuts, Screws, and Studs*—In addition to the requirements of Specification A962/A962M, the grade symbol and class shown in Table 4 and the type designation (see 6.1.1) shall also appear on all bolting components so processed. Grade 660 Class D and Grade 668 shall be stamped NR in addition to other required markings.

10. Certification

10.1 Certification is required. See Specification A962/A962M.

11. Keywords

11.1 bolts—steel; bolting components—steel; marking; nuts—steel; precipitation hardening steels; pressure vessel service; revision letter; steel bars—alloy; steel bolting; steel flanges; steel valves; temperature service applications—high

TABLE 7 Test Specimen Dimensions

NOTE 1—Surfaces marked ⁸, finish to 8 μin. [0.2 μm] rms or better.

NOTE 2—The difference between dimensions *F* and *D* shall not exceed 0.0005 in. [0.01 mm] for specimens 1 or 2. The difference shall not exceed 0.001 in. [0.02 mm] for specimens 3, 4, 5, or 6.

NOTE 3—Taper the gage length *G* to the center so that the diameter *D* at the ends of the gage length exceeds the diameter at the center of the gage length by not less than 0.0005 in. [0.01 mm] nor more than 0.0015 in. [0.04 mm].

NOTE 4—All sections shall be concentric about the specimen axis within 0.001 in. [0.02 mm].

NOTE 5—Thread size *T* shall be equal to or greater than diameter *H*.

NOTE 6—Dimensions *A* and *B* are not specified.

NOTE 7—Length of shoulder *C*— $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{32} - 0$ in. [3.2 + 0.8 mm].

NOTE 8—Length of shoulder *E*— $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{32} - 0$ in. [10.0 + 0.8 mm].

Specimen Type	Mid-length		Shoulder Diameter, <i>H</i>	Notch-Root Radius
	Gage Dia <i>D</i> and Notch-Root Dia <i>F</i>	Gage Length, <i>G</i>		
Inches				
1	0.125	0.5	0.177	0.005
2	0.160	0.65	0.226	0.005
3	0.178	0.75	0.250	0.005
4	0.252	1.0	0.375	0.007
5	0.357	1.5	0.500	0.010
6	0.505	2.0	0.750	0.015
Tolerance	±0.001	±0.05	±0.003	±0.0005
Millimetres				
7	3.17	12.0	4.5	0.13
8	4.06	17.0	5.5	0.13
9	4.52	20.0	6.5	0.13
10	6.40	25.0	9.5	0.18
11	9.07	40.0	12.0	0.25
12	12.8	50.0	19.0	0.38
Tolerance	±0.025	±1.3	±0.1	±0.01

TABLE 8 Permissible Variations in Size of Cold-Finished Bars

Specified Size, in. [mm]	Permissible Variations from Specified Size, in. [mm] ^A	
	Over	Under
Over ½ to 1 [13 to 25], excl	0.002 [0.05]	0.002 [0.05]
1 to 1½ [25 to 38], excl	0.0025 [0.06]	0.0025 [0.06]
1½ to 4 [38 to 100], incl ^B	0.003 [0.08]	0.003 [0.08]

^A When it is necessary to heat treat or heat treat and pickle after cold finishing, because of special hardness or mechanical property requirements, the permissible variations are generally double those shown in the table.

^B For size tolerances of sizes over 4 in. [100 mm], the manufacturer should be consulted.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A453/A453M – 16, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved May 1, 2017)

(1) Added separate strength requirements for large size Class 660 D (**Table 5**).

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A453/A453M – 15, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved May 1, 2016)

(1) Revised **Table 4** Grade 651.

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